

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS  
DALLAS DIVISION**

**WARWICK PLAYER, #1241936,  
Plaintiff,**

**V.**

**CITY OF DALLAS POLICE  
DEPARTMENT, et al.,  
Defendants.**

**3:05-CV-1571-M**

## **FINDINGS, CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATION OF THE UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE**

Pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b), and an order of the District Court in implementation thereof, this cause has been referred to the United States Magistrate Judge. The findings, conclusions and recommendation of the Magistrate Judge are as follows:

### FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS:

Type of Case: This is an unspecified civil action.

Parties: Plaintiff is an inmate incarcerated at the Middleton Unit of the Texas Department of Criminal Justice, Correctional Institutions Division (TDCJ-CID) in Abilene, Texas. Defendants are the City of Dallas Police Department and Officer Leslie Reese. The Court has not issued process in this case.

Findings and Conclusions: On August 17, 2005, the Magistrate Judge issued a notice of deficiency and order to Plaintiff. The order notified Plaintiff that his request to proceed *in forma pauperis* did not include a certified statement of the balance in his inmate trust account, and that his pleadings were not filed on the appropriate form. The order then directed Plaintiff to cure the deficiencies within thirty days and cautioned him that failure to comply with the order would result in a recommendation that the complaint be dismissed for failure to prosecute. As of the

date of this recommendation, Plaintiff has failed to comply with the deficiency order.

Rule 41(b), of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, allows a court to dismiss an action *sua sponte* for failure to prosecute or for failure to comply with the federal rules or any court order. Larson v. Scott, 157 F.3d 1030, 1031 (5th Cir. 1998). “This authority [under Rule 41(b)] flows from the court's inherent power to control its docket and prevent undue delays in the disposition of pending cases.” Boudwin v. Graystone Ins. Co., Ltd., 756 F.2d 399, 401 (5th Cir. 1985) (citing Link v. Wabash R.R. Co., 370 U.S. 626, 82 S.Ct. 1386 (1962)).

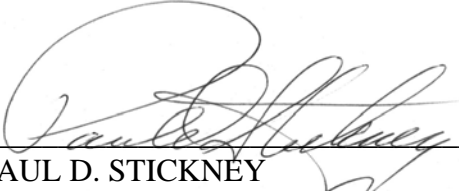
Because Plaintiff has been given ample opportunity to comply with the deficiency order, but he has refused or declined to do so, this action should be dismissed for lack of prosecution.

RECOMMENDATION:

For the foregoing reasons, it is recommended that this action be dismissed without prejudice for want of prosecution pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(b).

A copy of this recommendation will be mailed to Plaintiff.

Signed October 17, 2005.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
PAUL D. STICKNEY  
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

NOTICE

In the event that you wish to object to this recommendation, you are hereby notified that you must file your written objections within ten days after being served with a copy of this recommendation. Pursuant to Douglass v. United Servs. Auto Ass'n, 79 F.3d 1415 (5th Cir. 1996) (*en banc*), a party's failure to file written objections to these proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law within such ten-day period may bar a *de novo* determination by the district judge of any finding of fact or conclusion of law and shall bar such party, except upon grounds

of plain error, from attacking on appeal the unobjected to proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law accepted by the district court.